CABINET ITEM COVERING SHEET PROFORMA

AGENDA ITEM

REPORT TO CABINET

10 JUNE 2010

REPORT OF CORPORATE MANAGEMENT TEAM

CABINET DECISION

Housing & Community Safety – Lead Cabinet Member – Councillor Nelson Adult Services & Health – Lead Cabinet Member – Councillor Beall Children & Young People – Lead Cabinet Member – Councillor McCoy

EFFICIENCY, IMPROVEMENT AND TRANSFORMATION REVIEW OF DOMESTIC VIOLENCE

1. Summary

This report presents the findings and recommendations of the EIT Review of Domestic Violence reported to Executive Scrutiny Committee.

2. Recommendations

- note that in the current climate it would be inadvisable to look for net reductions in the Council's expenditure on domestic violence services, but that efforts should continue to maximise the impact of investment
- 2. note the position in respect of the Domestic Violence Team within CESC (paragraph 7).
- 3. all Council services to ensure that they are represented at an appropriate level at the multi-agency Domestic Violence Strategy Group, and that their activities and performance are reported to the Group in a timely manner
- 4. the Strategy Group should review its links with other multi-agency partnership bodies including the Safer Stockton Partnership, the Children's Trust Board, the Health & Wellbeing Partnership, the Local Safeguarding Children Board and the Adult Safeguarding Board, and the links between the Domestic Violence Strategy for the Borough and other key strategies developed by these partnerships.
- 5. that the Cabinet Member for Children & Young People be added to the Council representatives on the Domestic Violence Strategy Group alongside the Cabinet Members for Housing & Community Safety and for Adult Services & Health, as Member Champions for domestic violence services. (paragraph 13).

3. Reasons for the Recommendations/Decision(s)

In order to balance the need to respond to the rise in Domestic Violence caseload against the need to achieve greater efficiency, and to improve strategic decision-making on Domestic Violence issues.

4. Members' Interests

Members (including co-opted Members with voting rights) should consider whether they have a personal interest in the item as defined in the Council's code of conduct (**paragraph 8**) and, if so, declare the existence and nature of that interest in accordance with paragraph 9 of the code.

Where a Member regards him/herself as having a personal interest in the item, he/she must then consider whether that interest is one which a member of the public, with knowledge of the relevant facts, would reasonably regard as so significant that it is likely to prejudice the Member's judgement of the public interest (paragraphs 10 and 11 of the code of conduct).

A Member with a prejudicial interest in any matter must withdraw from the room where the meeting considering the business is being held -

- in a case where the Member is attending a meeting (including a meeting of a select committee) but only for the purpose of making representations, answering questions or giving evidence, provided the public are also allowed to attend the meeting for the same purpose whether under statutory right or otherwise, immediately after making representations, answering questions or giving evidence as the case may be;
- in any other case, whenever it becomes apparent that the business is being considered at the meeting;

and must not exercise executive functions in relation to the matter and not seek improperly to influence the decision about the matter (paragraph 12 of the Code).

Further to the above, it should be noted that any Member attending a meeting of Cabinet, Select Committee etc; whether or not they are a Member of the Cabinet or Select Committee concerned, must declare any personal interest which they have in the business being considered at the meeting (unless the interest arises solely from the Member's membership of, or position of control or management on any other body to which the Member was appointed or nominated by the Council, or on any other body exercising functions of a public nature, when the interest only needs to be declared if and when the Member speaks on the matter), and if their interest is prejudicial, they must also leave the meeting room, subject to and in accordance with the provisions referred to above.

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REPORT OF CORPORATE MANAGEMENT TEAM

CABINET DECISION

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SUMMARY

This report presents the findings and recommendations of the EIT Review of Domestic Violence reported to Executive Scrutiny Committee.

RECOMMENDATIONS

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DETAIL

1. The baseline /challenge stage of this review showed that the Council in 2009/10 spent approximately £558k on domestic violence services, as follows:

	£K
(a) services provided by Harbour	400
(b) specialist team in CESC	142
(c) 50% cost of Domestic Violence Co-ordinator	
in Community Safety team (shared with	
Hartlepool BC)	<u>16</u>
• ,	558

Members will recall the previous comments about the cost-effectiveness of services provided via Harbour, due to their terms and conditions of employment and economies of scale from operating across several localities (i.e. the bulk of services are already outsourced and 'joint' with other authorities). Most of the Harbour services are provided under a 'preferred provider model' of partnership, endorsed by the Safer Stockton Partnership, which is intended to develop long-term stability in service delivery and the growth of local capacity. A copy of the latest version of the Baseline / Challenge document, of which an earlier version was approved by the Committee at its meeting of 15 July 2009, is attached as **Appendix A** (this includes the agreed scope of the review). A further comparison of terms and conditions of employment is attached as **Appendix B**.

- 2. It proved relatively easy to identify the spend and performance in relation to Harbour, which has been reported over a period of years to the multi-agency Domestic Violence Strategy Group, but more difficult to get the corresponding data in respect of the CESC team, which has not in the past been the subject of multi-agency discussion.
- 3. The Audit Commission inspection team for CAA have noted, via the Housing Inspectorate, the rise in caseload of approximately 20% over the last two years (i.e. 2007 to 2009) and have stated that they intend to examine the issue in more detail as part of the second year of the CAA (having identified it just before their deadline for the first year's report). Figures from Harbour indicate even larger increases between 2007/08 and 2009/10 (projections based on first 7 months to end October) of 43% for referrals and 31% for engagement.
- 4. The Audit Commission at national level produced a study in August 2009, entitled 'When it comes to the Crunch', which attempts to model the likely effects of the current recession based on the experiences of the recession of the 1980s and 1990s, and predicts a further increase in domestic violence as the recession develops.
- 5. On 25 November 2009 the then Government launched its new National Strategy on Violence Against Women and Girls (VAWG). Although this is a slightly different categorisation from 'Domestic Violence', there is a substantial overlap: recent figures from Harbour show that 98% of clients are female. The Strategy encaptures 75 'key actions' and will lead to a significant increase in expectations of requirements from local authorities and some of their key partners. A schedule of key actions together with initial comments is attached as **Appendix C**. Following discussion at the Committee meeting on 5 January the issue of key action 16, in relation to Governor training, has been raised with the School Governor Support Manager, and he is taking action on this issue. In relation to item 43, the Council's Corporate Management Team has agreed that the Corporate Director for Children, Education and Social Care will be VAWG champion. The Head of Community Protection has also been invited to join the Local Safeguarding Children Board to ensure that domestic violence issues are covered. The attitude of the new Government to the National Strategy on VAWG is not yet clear.
- 6. Managers within CESC identified that their internal arrangements were not optimally efficient and effective. Their specialist team had two key responsibilities, for initial assessment of child protection cases with domestic violence as the prevalent factor, and for 'brief interventions' with the families concerned. Work volumes were as follows:-

	2008/09	2009/10
initial assessments	468	661
cases ongoing following	77	388
initial assessment		

7. It was initially agreed that a 'mini-review' of the CESC Domestic Violence team would be completed by Christmas. However, this plan *was* overtaken by other events.

Stockton-on-Tees Borough Council commissioned Cordis Bright Consultants to complete an evaluation of contact, referral and assessment arrangements. The evaluation was carried out in line with Ofsted standards and criteria for annual unannounced inspections.

Three consultants conducted the evaluation on 3 and 4 November 2009. They sampled the quality and effectiveness of contact, referral and assessment arrangements and their impact on safeguarding children and young people. The process included reviewing electronic case records and observations of social workers and managers. The consultants also conducted interviews with social workers and team managers from the Emergency Duty Team, First Contact, Duty Team and Domestic Violence Team.

From the evidence gathered, the inspection identified a number of areas where the contact, referral and assessment arrangements were delivered satisfactorily in accordance with national guidance, but also identified some areas where systems, processes and practice needed to be improved.

In particular, it was considered that there was evidence of a lack of understanding regarding domestic violence particularly with regard to the impact on children and young people, which was demonstrated by the lack of challenge and isolation of incidents rather than looking at the wider context of the information held on families.

As a result of this exercise and the internal CESC assessment of the ongoing functioning of the team, a decision was taken to fundamentally review the role and remit of the Domestic Violence Team. Following the review of the CESC Domestic Violence (DV) Team, consideration of the recommended potential options for future service provision has taken place. A preferred service model has been identified and following liaison with HR colleagues this is now subject to consultation with the staff affected by these proposals. This is due to commence on 1 June 2010.

The preferred service model is to disband the DV Team and to create a specialist DV function within an enhanced Duty Team. This would involve the creation of a Deputy Team Manager post with a lead responsibility for DV, together with two specialist DV Social Worker posts.

As this is achieved by combining the Social Worker establishments from the current teams, no growth in social work posts is assumed. Consequently, there are no financial implications arising from these changes.

The Team Manager and Deputy Team Manager would share the supervisory responsibilities for the wider staff group between them.

This proposal combines DV expertise with a strong focus on safeguarding in one team which ensures a single pathway for case progression through the child protection system, thereby increasing consistency of practice.

More details can be provided following the completion of the consultation period and formal decisions regarding the way forward.

8. An analysis of expenditure on Domestic Violence covering the four Teesside authorities has recently (December 2009) been undertaken, as set out below:

Area	Population*	Spend in 2009- 10	Cost per head of population
Stockton	189,100	£443,741	£2.35
Hartlepool	91,100	£415,179	£4.56
Redcar and Cleveland	139,500	£765,046	£5.48
Middlesbrough	138,400	£321,113	£2.32

^{*}Based on 2006 census data.

It should be noted that the expenditure for Middlesbrough does not include services in respect of Sexual Violence (e.g. rape and sexual abuse counselling), whereas this is included for the other three boroughs.

9. Benchmarking across the Tees Valley has also been carried out in respect of the costs to the Supporting People budget of both Refuge and Floating Support Services, as set out in the tables below.

(a) Refuge

Annual contract value £	Total weekly support hours	Capacity	Hours per service user per week	Cost per support hour £	Authority	Service Description	Unit costs £
92,734.83	76.00	8	9.50	23.38	D	2	222.07
103,430.79	140.00	11	12.73	14.15	М	3	180.13
129,389.91	107.50	8	13.44	23.06	Stockton	3	309.84
139,394.71	117.95	10	11.80	22.64	Н	3	267.04

As will be seen, the Stockton hourly rate is the second most expensive of the four, but comparable with authorities D and H. Authority M has a much lower hourly cost. Hours per service user in Stockton are the highest leading to highest overall unit cost.

(b) Floating Support Services

Annual contract value £	Total weekly support hours	Capacity	Hours per service user per week	Cost per support hour £	Authority	Service Description	Unit costs £
77,749.00	50.00	25	2.00	29.79	D	4	59.58
26,898.48	70.00	11	6.36	7.36	Stockton	4	46.85
34,712.10	42.00	12	3.50	15.83	Н	4	55.42

Stockton has the lowest hourly cost by a considerable margin, but provides significantly more hours per service user (i.e. a higher level of support) so, although Stockton is still the least expensive of the three on a unit cost basis, the margin of difference is smaller.

10. In relation to 2010/11 funding it is known that a Government targeted grant for the employment of IDVAs (Independent Domestic Violence Advisers) to support victims of domestic violence through court processes, will end at March 2010. Partner agencies within Cleveland Criminal

Justice Board have argued that continuation of this function should be a priority, but are unwilling / unable to contribute to the costs. In 2007/08 the Council made available £85,000 of headroom for domestic violence, and the funding has been used to support service delivery across the three year period 2007 - 2010. A recent (February 2010) Home Office reduction in allocation to the Safer Stockton Partnership of £31,000 will result in a further reduction of £1,000 in funding allocated to Harbour and in April 2010 the Home Office advised of its intention to re-direct some of its funding away from Community Safety Partnerships into Local Criminal Justice Boards, which may be inclined to concentrate more on the small proportion of cases which end up in the courts, rather than on preventative work. In addition, the 'Safe at Home' target hardening scheme operated by the Council's Community Safety team at a cost of approximately £25,000 per year is not securely funded, and is highly dependent on short-term grants, and Cleveland Police have requested contributions from other parties, including the Council, towards the cost of administrative support for Multi Agency Risk Assessment Conferences (MARACs). The full year cost for this in Stockton, across all agencies, is considered to be about £10,000. An annual contribution of £3,000 from Community Safety budgets has now been agreed for MARAC administration.

11. In relation to the increase in caseload, which has given rise to a waiting list for some services, Harbour has been asked to analyse how much additional funding would be required to operate without a significant waiting list, based on current (2009/10) levels of demand, and have provided the following figures:-

adults - £77,000 children - £50,000

- 12. One of the significant problems identified through the review process, and reported to the Domestic Violence Strategy Group, has been the insufficiency of Refuge capacity. The Stockton Refuge is owned by Endeavour Housing Association, who retain responsibility for maintaining the shell of the building, and is operated by Harbour, who pay a fee to Endeavour for the use of the building, and is available for use by women and children only. In 2008/09 132 of 209 referrals i.e. 63%, were declined due to no places being available at the time of referral. Women accepted as priority homeless on the grounds of domestic violence, who cannot be accommodated in the refuge due to capacity, and all men in similar circumstances are placed in the St. James' Street hostel or satellite accommodation, all managed by Three Rivers Housing Association. This issue has been discussed by a task group for the purpose, and the possibility of establishing a cluster of intermediate accommodation, within close proximity of the existing refuge (so as to minimise disruption of schooling for children, and to facilitate efficient staffing arrangements, i.e. 'satellite' provision from the existing staff team at the refuge) is now being explored in further detail, with colleagues at Tristar Homes and Harbour. The Supporting People team have given a preliminary indication that a further £40-50,000 per year of Supporting People funding may be available for a strong proposal which would reduce 'bed blocking' at the refuge itself and assist service users to return to independent living more quickly (reducing the average stay in the refuge itself from about six months to about three months, thereby effectively doubling refuge capacity). An ancillary option being investigated is moving the Harbour Outreach Service from their current base in rented office accommodation in Stockton Town Centre to a property in any such cluster, so as to save on costs of rent and maximise staffing efficiencies.
- 13. Following discussions with Cabinet Members concerned some years ago, it was agreed that the Cabinet Members for Housing & Community Safety and for Adult Services and Health would participate in the multi-agency Domestic Violence Strategy Group. Following more recent discussions it is also recommended that the Cabinet Member for Children & Young People become a member of the group.
- 14. The comments of Executive Scrutiny Committee are summarised at Appendix D, pages 42 and 43.

FINANCIAL IMPLICATIONS

15. There are no new financial implications arising from this report.

LEGAL IMPLICATIONS

16. There are no immediate legal implications arising from this report. The national Violence Against Women and Girls Strategy (**paragraph 5 / Appendix C**) may raise some issues, but at present it is not clear whether the new Government will review its position.

RISK ASSESSMENT

17. The EIT Review of Domestic Violence is categorised as low to medium risk. Existing management systems and daily routine activities are sufficient to control and reduce risk."

SUSTAINABLE COMMUNITY STRATEGY IMPLICATIONS

18. Economic Regeneration and Transport

Domestic Violence is a factor in absence from work and lost productivity, therefore any interventions which succeed in reducing its incidence or impact will support local economic development.

19. Safer Communities

Domestic Violence is one of the top priorities (within overall violent crime) within the current (2008-11) Community Safety Plan for the Borough.

20. Children and Young People

Children and young people are frequently indirect victims of Domestic Violence. About 80% of calls dealt with by Harbour involve children, and Harbour Services include individual counselling and group work specifically devised for children. Domestic Violence can adversely affect their mental health, and educational attainment.

21. Healthier Communities and Adults

Domestic Violence is a significant factor in visits to GPs and presentation at A&E, with injuries up to and including fatalities. Domestic Violence can also have a significant adverse impact on mental health and has a complex and reciprocal relationship with abuse of alcohol and drugs.

22. Environment and Housing

Domestic Violence is a significant factor in homelessness presentations.

Supporting Themes:-

23. Stronger Communities

Domestic Violence is of its nature more of a private phenomenon than a community issue, but does nothing for community cohesion.

24. Older Adults

The vast majority of cases involve people under the age of 50 but there are a small number of older people involved, including some 'revenge' cases in which older people turn the tables on long standing perpetrators.

25. Arts Leisure and Culture

Involvement with arts, leisure and culture activities can in some cases be a way for services of domestic violence to achieve 'escape' and to recover self-esteem.

EQUALITIES IMPACT ASSESSMENT

26. This report is not subject to an Equality Impact Assessment because it does not seek approval for a new policy, strategy or change in delivery of a service.

CONSULTATION INCLUDING WARD/COUNCILLORS

27. The EIT Review was the subject of reports to Executive Scrutiny Committee in July 2009, January 2010 and June 2010.

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Education related? No

Background Papers Report to Executive Scrutiny Committee 1 June 2010

Ward(s) and Ward Councillors All Wards

<u>Property</u>

If the possibility referred to at paragraph 12 above, i.e. establishment of a cluster of intermediate accommodation, comes to fruition and there is sufficient space to relocate the office base for Harbour staff within such a development then the Council will be able either to terminate its occupancy of space on the first floor of Cambridge Chambers, West Row or to make use of it for other office based purposes, if required.